

Imputation of company tax Deficit deferral tax return 2000

Tax file number								

1 July 1999 to 30 June 2000

	Day	Month	Year	to	Day	Month	Year]
or spe	cify p	period	if part year	or	appr	oved	substitute	period

This tax return is to be completed for all companies and corporate trust estates treated as companies for the purposes of Part IIIAA of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1936*, that have a liability to pay deficit deferral tax.

Reference on the tax return to a company includes a corporate trust estate. Please read the attached explanatory notes before completion.

	<u> </u>			'			,		'
Name of entity and Australian Company Number (ACN) or Australian Registered Body Number (ARBN)						ACN c ARBN * Cross		 s not app	l
Current postal address If the address has not changed, please print it exactly as shown on the last notice of assessment or the last tax return lodged.				burb or town			State		Postcode
If the address has exactly as showr	ss on previous tax restricted in on the last notice of elast tax return lodged.	eturi							
assessment of th	e last tax retum lougeu.		Sub	Suburb or town State					Postcode
		eficit (deferral Franking instalmer		lies to life assurance comp a schedule containing the Franking account balance at end of first franking year	required		nt	Total amount of franking credits arising in first franking year
Deficit deferral amo	unt			Class A deficit d	eferral tax already payable	_	Class A defic	t deferra	l tax payable
\$		X	$\frac{39}{61}$ –	\$		=	\$		
Class C	Franking debit from instalment refunded or credited		instalmer	g debit from nt previously I or credited	Franking account balance at end of first franking year	Deficit	deferral amou	nt	Total amount of franking credits arising in first franking year
Deficit deferral amo	ount			Class C deficit of	deferral tax already payable		Class C defic	it deferra	al tax payable
$x \frac{36}{64}$			$\frac{36}{64}$ –	- \$ = \$					
Optional: Hours to	correct in every deaken to prepare and te this tax return			shown in this	tax return and in the acure	ccompa	nying docur	Date	are true and Month Year
			IN	-CONFIDEN	ICE-when completed				



Payment advice Deficit deferral tax – 45

Tax file number									
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Name of company		Amount of payment
		Amount of payment
	ACN or	\$
	ARBN*	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Cross out whichever is not applicable	

Deficit deferral tax return 2000

Explanatory notes

1 Lodgment requirements

This tax return must be completed for all companies and corporate trust estates treated as companies for the purposes of Part IIIAA of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1936* that have a liability to pay deficit deferral tax. The tax return should be lodged at the tax office where the company would normally lodge its tax return.

NAT 2282-02.2000

2 Deficit deferral tax

A liability to deficit deferral tax will arise when:

- during a franking year (the first franking year) a company pays one or more instalments of company tax;
 and
- during the following franking year the company receives a refund of, or credit for (other than for current year company tax payable), all or part of the instalment or instalments; and
- the refund would have produced a franking deficit or would have increased the company's franking deficit for the first franking year if it had been received before the end of the first franking year.

Deficit deferral tax can be offset against tax later assessed.

3 The franking year

This is ordinarily the financial year ending 30 June. However, for early balancing companies—companies with a substituted accounting period ending on or before 31 May in lieu of the following 30 June—the franking year will ordinarily be the substituted accounting period. For some companies the Commissioner of Taxation will have specified a substituted franking year.

4 Date due and payable

The due date for payment of deficit deferral tax is the 14th day after receipt of the refund.

5 Penalties

Late lodgment penalty—failure to lodge this tax return, as and when required, may result in a penalty in the form of additional tax.

Overfranking penalty—a company which is liable for deficit deferral tax and has overfranked frankable dividends during the previous franking year may be required to pay a penalty in the form of additional tax. If a company otherwise liable to a penalty feels the penalty should be remitted in whole or in part, a statement should be attached to this tax return explaining why the penalty should be remitted.

Late payment penalty—failure to pay deficit deferral tax by the due date may result in a penalty in the form of a liability to pay the general interest charge.

6 How to pay

Cheques or money orders should be made payable to the 'Deputy Commissioner of Taxation' and crossed 'Not Negotiable'. Payments by mail may be sent to the following addresses. Do not send cash.

NSW, QLD & ACT

ATO mail payments

Private Bag 50

Penrith NSW 2750

VIC, TAS, WA & SA

ATO mail payments

Private Bag 6007

Albury NSW 2640