## **Worksheet 1: Reconciliation statement**

Reconciliation items are those items that reconcile net profit or loss shown on the profit and loss statement (the accounts) with the net income or loss for income tax purposes of the trust. This statement is not an exhaustive list of reconciliation adjustments.

			Primary production income \$	Non-primary production income \$
A	Net profit or loss in the accounts			
Α	dditions:			
В	Income reconciliation adjustments			
С	Expense reconciliation adjustments			
D	Net income or loss from business	(A + B + C)		
	ne additions at <b>B</b> or <b>C</b> may be negative amo come at <b>D</b> must agree with <b>Q</b> and <b>R</b> item			The amounts shown for net
In	come reconciliation adjustments			
In	come add backs: amounts not shown in t	he accounts which a	are assessable income	
Ε	Assessable balancing adjustment amounts on depreciating assets			
F	Any excess of the tax value of closing stock tax value of opening stock (non-small busi – see item <b>40 Closing stock</b> )			
G	Other assessable income not included in t	he accounts		
Н	Subtotal	(E + F + G)		
In	come subtractions: income shown in the	accounts which is n	ot assessable	
I	Profit on the sale of depreciating assets shaccounts	nown in the		
J	Personal services income included in the a of an individual (attributed amount)	assessable income		
K	Other income shown in the accounts which for tax purposes – for example, gross exer			
L	Total	H – (I + J + K)		

The net total of the primary production and non-primary production amounts at L must agree with the amount shown at **Reconciliation items**, A Income reconciliation adjustments item 5 on the tax return. If the net total is a negative amount, print L in the box at the right of A on the tax return.

## Expense reconciliation adjustments

E	xpense add backs: expenses shown in	the accounts which are r	not tax deductible	
			Primary production income \$	Non-primary production income \$
M	Depreciation charged in accounts*			
N	Loss on the sale of depreciating assets			
0	Other items not allowable as a deduction capital expenditure additions to provisions and reserves debt deductions denied by thin capitation income tax expense certain expenses relating to personal state are not deductible hire-purchase payments luxury car lease payments penalties and fines part of prepaid expenses not deductible expenses relating to exempt income other non-deductible expenses	lisation provisions services income		
P	Subtotal	(M + N + O)		
Q	pense subtractions: items not shown a Deduction for decline in value of depreceding the small busined depreciation rules)  Deductible balancing adjustments amounts appropriation appets.	iating assets ess entity	x deductible	
s	depreciating assets  Any excess of the tax value of opening stax value of closing stock (non-small bussee item 40 Closing stock)			
Т	Other tax-deductible items:  other amounts deductible under the unallowance system hire-purchase agreements – interest of luxury car leases – accrual amount part of prepaid expenses deductible the in accounts 20% write-off of capital expenditure to or licence**  TOFA rules deductions not shown in a other deductible items	nis year but not shown		
U	Total*** P	- (Q + R + S +T)		

<sup>\*</sup> Only include amounts at **M** if the trust is not using the small business entity depreciation rules. However, exclude any general small business pool deductions shown at **K** item **5** on the tax return.

<sup>\*\*</sup> If the trust has incurred capital expenditure to terminate a lease or licence, the trust may be entitled to claim a deduction for 20% of this expenditure if the requirements of section 25-110 of the ITAA 1997 are satisfied.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> The net total of the primary production and non-primary production amounts at **U** must agree with the amount shown at **B** Expense reconciliation adjustments item 5 on the tax return. If the net total is a negative amount, print **L** in the box at the right of **B** on the tax return.

## Worksheet 1A: Net small business income

If the trust had any of the following, use **Worksheet 1A** to work out the trust's net small business income:

- foreign source business income at item 23
- attributed foreign business income at item 22
- interest income earned in the course of carrying on the business shown at item 11
- dividend income earned in the course of carrying on the business shown at item 12, for example dividends earned in the course of carrying on a share trading business
- any other business income not already shown at item 5

any business deductions not already show at item 5, for example debt deductions against foreign source business income shown at item 18.

Add up all the amounts at rows (a), (b), (c), (d), and (e) and deduct the amount at row (f). Show the result at row (g).

The result is the trust's net small business income. Show this amount at **V** item **5 Net small business income**. If the amount is negative, show zero. Do not show cents.

Net income or loss from business at S item 5	 -
If this amount is a negative, show the amount in brackets (5000)	(a)
Foreign source business income from item 22 or 23	(b)
Business interest income	(c)
Business dividend income	] (d)
Other business income not already shown at item 5	(e)
Other business deductions not already claimed at item 5	(f)
Add up the amounts at rows (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) and subtract the amount at row (f). Show the result at row (g).	] (g)